STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE INTER-DEPARTMENT COMMUNICATION

DATE:

February 26, 2016

FROM:

Matt Urban

Wetlands Program Manager

AT (OFFICE): Department of Transportation

SUBJECT

Dredge & Fill Application

Washington, 29761

Bureau of Environment

TO

Gino Infascelli, Public Works Permitting Officer

New Hampshire Wetlands Bureau 29 Hazen Drive, P.O. Box 95 Concord, NH 03302-0095

Forwarded herewith is the application package prepared by NH DOT Bureau of Bridge Maintenance for the subject Major impact project. This project is classified as Major per Env-Wt 303.02(p). The project is located on NH Route 31 over Shedd Brook. The proposed work consists of replacing the concrete bridge deck, repairing the concrete substructure/toewall, and placing rip-rap.

This project was reviewed at the August 19th 2015 Natural Resource Agency Coordination Meeting. The minutes from that meeting can be found on the Departments website via the following link: http://www.nh.gov/dot/org/projectdevelopment/environment/units/projectmanagement/documents/August19FinalNATRESminutes.pdf

This project does not require mitigation.

The lead people to contact for this project are Steve Johnson, Assistant Administrator, Bureau of Bridge Maintenance (271-3668 or sjohnson@dot.state.nh.us) or Matt Urban, Wetlands Program Manager, Bureau of Environment (271-3226 or murban@dot.state.nh.us).

A payment voucher has been processed for this application (Voucher #427848) in the amount of \$448.80.

If and when this application meets with the approval of the Bureau, please send the permit directly to Matt Urban, Wetlands Program Manager, Bureau of Environment.

MRU:mru Enclosures

cc:
BOE Original
Town of Washington (4 copies via certified mail)
Carol Henderson, NH Fish & Game
Edna Feighner, NH Division of Historic Resources (NHDOT Cultural Review Within)
Maria Tur, US Fish & Wildlife
Mark Kern, US Environmental Protection Agency
Michael Hicks, US Army Corp of Engineers

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THE STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES LAND RESOURCES MANAGEMENT

WETLANDS BUREAU

29 Hazen Drive, PO Box 95, Concord, NH 03302-0095 Phone: (603) 271-2147 Fax: (603) 271-6588 http://des.nh.gov/organization/divisions/water/wetlands



PERMIT APPLICATION

	Checker along Administrative Administrative		File No.			
				Che	ck No	
Administrative Use Only	Administrative Use Only		urauanse Use Drily	Amount:		
				initals		
1. REVIEW TIME: Indicate your Review Time below	. Refer to Guidance Document A for	instructions.				
⊠ Standard Review (Min	imum, Minor or Major Impact)		☐ Expedite	d Review (Minimum Impact)	
2. PROJECT LOCATION: Separate applications must be file	ed with each municipality that jurisdi	ctional impacts v	vill occur in.			
ADDRESS: NH Rte. 31 over SI	nedd Brook			TOWN/CI	TY: Washington	
TAX MAP:	BLOCK:	LOT:			UNIT:	
USGS TOPO MAP WATERBODY NA	AME: Shedd Brook	□NA	STREAM W	ATERSHED	SIZE: 2.2 mi2	□ NA
LOCATION COORDINATES (If know	n): 43`08'51.32" 072`02'34.86"		alka di mendelangan mengang kang ang mengangan di kang di kang mengang di kang di kang di kang di kang mengang	and a second	⊠ Latitude	/Longitude
3. PROJECT DESCRIPTION: Provide a brief description of the of your project. DO NOT reply "S	project outlining the scope of work. See Attached" in the space provided	Attach addition below.	al sheets as	needed to	provide a detailed	explanation
that has a 10'-0" clear span	es NH Rte. 31 over Shedd Broo and a 28'-4" deck width. Prop structure and toewall, and plac	osed work co	The existii nsists of r	ng structu eplacing	ire is concrete s the concrete de	slab bridge ck,
4. RELATED PERMITS, ENFO	RCEMENT, EMERGENCY AUTHOR	RIZATION, SHO	RELAND, A	LTERATIO	ON OF TERRAIN, I	ЕТС;
5. NATURAL HERITAGE BURI See the Instructions & Required	EAU & DESIGNATED RIVERS: Attachments document for instruction	ons to complete	a & b below			
a. Natural Heritage Bureau File	ID: NHB <u>15</u> - <u>2029</u> .					
b. ☐ Designated River the product date a copy of the applic ☐ NA	oject is in ¼ miles of:ation was sent to Local River Adviso	ory Committee: I	; and Month:	Day: \	⁄ear:	

6. APPLICANT INFORMATION (Desired permit holder)						
LAST NAME, FIRST NAME, M.I.: Johnson, Steve W						
TRUST / COMPANY NAME: NH Dept. of Transportation MAILING ADDRESS: 7 Haze		7 Hazen Drive				
TOWN/CITY: Concord			STATE: NH	2	ZIP CODE: 03302	
EMAIL or FAX: sjohnson@dot.state.nh.us		PHONE: 603 27	1 3667			
ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION: By initialing here:	eby authorize DE	S to communicate	all matters relative	to this	application electronically	
7. PROPERTY OWNER INFORMATION (If different than	applicant)					
LAST NAME, FIRST NAME, M.I.:						
TRUST / COMPANY NAME:	MA	LING ADDRESS:				
TOWN/CITY:			STATE:		ZIP CODE:	
EMAIL or FAX:		PHONE:				
ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION: By initialing here, I	hereby authorize	DES to communic	cate all matters rela	ative to t	this application electronically	
8. AUTHORIZED AGENT INFORMATION						
LAST NAME, FIRST NAME, M.I.: Weatherbee, Anthony N		СОМРА	COMPANY NAME: NH Dept. of Transportation			
MAILING ADDRESS: 7 Hazen Drive						
TOWN/CITY: Concord			STATE: NH		ZIP CODE: 03302	
EMAIL or FAX: aweatherbee@dot.state.nh.us	PH	HONE: 603-271-	3667			
ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION: By initialing here ANN, I	hereby authorize	e DES to communi	cate all matters rela	ative to	this application electronically	
9. PROPERTY OWNER SIGNATURE: See the Instructions & Required Attachments document for	clarification of	f the below state	ments			
By signing the application, I am certifying that:	Clarification o	THE BOIOW States	Homo			
 I authorize the applicant and/or agent indicated on this form to act in my behalf in the processing of this application, and to furnish upon request, supplemental information in support of this permit application. I have reviewed and submitted information & attachments outlined in the Instructions and Required Attachment document. All abutters have been identified in accordance with RSA 482-A:3, I and Env-Wt 100-900. I have read and provided the required information outlined in Env-Wt 302.04 for the applicable project type. I have read and understand Env-Wt 302.03 and have chosen the least impacting alternative. Any structure that I am proposing to repair/replace was either previously permitted by the Wetlands Bureau or would be considered grandfathered per Env-Wt 101.47. I have submitted a copy of the application materials to the NH State Historic Preservation Officer. I authorize DES and the municipal conservation commission to inspect the site of the proposed project. I have reviewed the information being submitted and that to the best of my knowledge the information is true and accurate. I understand that the willful submission of falsified or misrepresented information to the New Hampshire Department of Environmental Services is a criminal act, which may result in legal action. I am aware that the work I am proposing may require additional state, local or federal permits which I am responsible for obtaining. 						
12. The mailing addresses I have provided are up to date and appropriate for receipt of DES correspondence. DES will not forward returned mail.						
Alive Wohn	Steve Wohn STEVE W JOHNSON 210712616				5712616	
Property Owner Signature	Print name legil	oiy		Date		

MUNICIPAL SIGNATURES

The signature below certifies that the municipal conservation commission has reviewed this application, and: 1. Waives its right to intervene per RSA 482-A:11; 2. Believes that the application and submitted plans accurately represent the proposed project; and 3. Has no objection to permitting the proposed work.

Print name legibly

DIRECTIONS FOR CONSERVATION COMMISSION

Authorized Commission Signature

- 1. Expedited review ONLY requires that the conservation commission's signature is obtained in the space above.
- 2. The Conservation Commission signature should be obtained prior to the submittal of the original application and four copies to the town/city clerk for mailing to the DES.
- 3. The Conservation Commission may refuse to sign. If the Conservation Commission does not sign this statement for any reason, the application is not eligible for expedited review and the application will reviewed in the standard review time frame.

	11. TOWN / CITY CLERK SIGN	IATURE	
As required by Chapter 482-A:3 (amendetailed plans, and five USGS location postal receipts (or copies) for all abutter	maps with the town/city indicated b	applicant has filed five applicate below and I have received and	ation forms, five I retained certified
ightharpoons			
Town/City Clerk Signature	Print name legibly	Town/City	Date

DIRECTIONS FOR TOWN/CITY CLERK:

Per RSA 482-A:3,I(d):

- 1. For applications where "Expedited Review" is checked on page 1, accept the application for mailing only if the Conservation Commission signature has been sought;
- 2. Collect the postal receipts demonstrating that all abutters and the Local Advisory Committee were sent proper notice;
- 3. Collect any administrative fees, not to exceed \$10 plus the cost of postage by certified mail (RSA 482-A:3,I).
- 4. IMMEDIATELY sign the original application and four copies in the signature space provided above;
- 5. Retain one copy of the application form, one complete set of attachments and the postal receipts demonstrating that all abutters and the Local River Advisory Committee were notified and make them reasonably accessible to the public:
- 6. IMMEDIATELY distribute a copy of the application with one complete set of attachments to each of the following bodies: the municipal Conservation Commission, the local governing body (Board of Selectmen or Town/City Council), and the Planning Board in accordance with RSA 482-A:3, I; and
- 7. IMMEDIATELY send the ORIGINAL application form, one complete set of attachments and filing fee, by CERTIFIED MAIL to the NHDES Wetlands Bureau at the address indicated on page 1 of this application. (DO NOT HOLD FOR CONSERVATION COMMISSION SIGNATURE).

Date

12. IMPACT AREA:

For each jurisdictional area that will be/has been impacted, provide square feet and, if applicable, linear feet of impact

<u>Permanent</u>: impacts that will remain after the project is complete.

<u>Temporary</u>: impacts not intended to remain (and will be restored to pre-construction conditions) after the project is complete.

	by DES. Check box to indicate ATF.

JURISDICTIONAL AREA	PERMANENT Sq. Ft. / Lin. Ft.		TEMPORARY Sq. Ft. / Lin. Ft.	
Forested wetland		☐ ATF		☐ ATF
Scrub-shrub wetland	41	☐ ATF	107	☐ ATF
Emergent wetland		☐ ATF		☐ ATF
Wet meadow		ATF		☐ ATF
Intermittent stream		☐ ATF		ATF
Perennial Stream / River	467 / 63	☐ ATF	866 / 100	☐ ATF
Lake / Pond	1	☐ ATF	1	☐ ATF
Bank - Intermittent stream	1	☐ ATF	1	ATF
Bank - Perennial stream / River	236 / 59	☐ ATF	527 / 65	ATF
Bank - Lake / Pond	1	☐ ATF	1	〔 ☐ ATF
Tidal water	1	☐ ATF	1	ATF
Salt marsh		☐ ATF		ATF
Sand dune		☐ ATF		ATF
Prime wetland		ATF		ATF
Prime wetland buffer		☐ ATF		ATF
Undeveloped Tidal Buffer Zone (TBZ)		☐ ATF		ATF
Previously-developed upland in TBZ		☐ ATF		ATF
Docking - Lake / Pond		☐ ATF		ATF
Docking - River		☐ ATF		ATF
Docking - Tidal Water		☐ ATF		ATF
TOTAL	744 / 122		1500 / 165	
13. APPLICATION FEE: See the Instruct ☐ Minimum Impact Fee: Flat fee of \$ 2 ☒ Minor or Major Impact Fee: Calculate	00		er instruction	

13. APPLICATION FEE: See the Instructions & Required Attachments of	document for furthe	r ins	truction	
☐ Minimum Impact Fee: Flat fee of \$ 200				
Minor or Major Impact Fee: Calculate using the below table below				
Permanent and Temporary (non-docking)	2244 sq. ft.	Χ	\$0.20 =	\$ 448.80
Temporary (seasonal) docking structure:	sq. ft.	Х	\$1.00 =	\$
Permanent docking structure:	sq. ft.	Х	\$2.00 =	\$
Projects proposing shoreline structures	s (including docks	ad	ld \$200 =	\$
			Total =	\$
The Application Fee is the above calculated Total	al or \$200, whichev	er is	greater =	\$ 448.80

CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE

- 1. Sandbags will be placed in the brook and the work zone will be dewatered. Stream flow will be maintained through a diversion pipe or through the natural channel.
- 2. Phase 1 of the concrete deck will be removed. The substructure and toewalls will be repaired. The deck will be replaced.
- 3. Phase 2 of the deck will be removed. The remaining portion of the substructure and toewalls will be repaired. The deck will be replaced.
- 4. Riprap will be placed in front of the abutments and wingwalls.
- 5. All dewatering devices will be removed and the site will be restored to its original quality.

Note:

Project will use and maintain DES Best Management Practices at all stages of construction.





THE STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES LAND RESOURCES MANAGEMENT

WETLANDS BUREAU

29 Hazen Drive, PO Box 95, Concord, NH 03302-0095 Phone: (603) 271-2147 Fax: (603) 271-6588

http://des.nh.gov/organization/divisions/water/wetlands/index.htm Permit Application Status: http://des.nh.gov/onestop/index.htm

PERMIT APPLICATION – ATTACHMENT A MINOR & MAJOR 20 QUESTIONS

<u>Env-Wt 302.04 Requirements for Application Evaluation</u> – For any major or minor project, the applicant shall demonstrate by plan and example that the following factors have been considered in the project's design in assessing the impact of the proposed project to areas and environments under the department's jurisdiction. Respond with statements demonstrating:

1. The need for the proposed impact.

The existing structure is on the state redlist due to the poor condition of the substructure. The structure needs to be rehabilitated and if deterioration is allowed to progress, eventually the structure will become unstable and the road will need to be load posted or closed. Riprap is required to stabilize the substructure. It is necessary to impact jurisdictional areas to provide for the deck replacement, the substructure repair, the repair of the toewalls, for installing riprap, and for access. The impacts are for temporary construction access, the substructure facing, and for riprap.

2. That the alternative proposed by the applicant is the one with the least impact to the wetlands or surface waters on site.

The alternatives considered are as follows:

Replace the Entire Structure: Shedd Brook has a drainage area of 2.2 square miles which qualifies this stream as a Tier 3 Crossing. The bankfull width is 18'-4"; the required span for a replacement structure based on the NH Stream Crossing Guidelines for a new crossing is 24'-0". A structure of this size typically has an estimated cost of \$500,000. The environmental impacts for this alternative are much greater because the existing bridge would have to be taken down and a new, larger structure would be built.

Rehabilitate the Existing Structure: This is the proposed alternative. The existing deck will be replaced in-kind and the substructure and toewalls will be repaired in place. This alternative proposes the least amount of environmental impacts because construction impacts are less for a rehab than for a replacement. A rehab can be done in place, and a larger structure would require significantly more permanent impacts. Riprap is required to stabilize the substructure which can be installed more effectively and with fewer impacts when the concrete deck is in the process of being removed. The proposed repair has an estimated cost of \$175,000. This is the most cost-effective solution and also proposes the least amount of wetland impacts. Replacing the entire structure is not considered practicable since the structure can be repaired more cost effectively and with less environmental impacts.

In the August 19, 2015 Natural Resources Meeting it was asked if the existing toewalls could be replaced rather than expanded in order to reduce impacts in the channel. The Bureau of Bridge Maintenance agreed that this was possible and the existing toewalls will be replaced in-kind rather than expanded upon.

3. The type and classification of the wetlands involved.

R2UB1: Riverine, lower perennial, unconsolidated bottom, cobble gravel

PSS1E: Palustrine, scrub-shrub, broad-leaved deciduous, seasonally flooded/saturated

Bank

4. The relationship of the proposed wetlands to be impacted relative to nearby wetlands and surface waters.

Shedd Brook flows into a nearby swamp/marsh wetland.

5. The rarity of the wetland, surface water, sand dunes, or tidal buffer zone area.

Shedd Brook has not been identified as a rare surface water of the state.

6. The surface area of the wetlands that will be impacted.

1333ft² Riverine (866ft² temporary, 467ft² permanent) 148ft² Palustrine (107ft² temporary, 41ft² permanent) 763ft² Bank (527ft² temporary, 236ft² permanent)

- 7. The impact on plants, fish, and wildlife, but not limited to:
 - a. Rare, special concern species;
 - b. State and federally listed threatened and endangered species;
 - c. Species at the extremities of their ranges;
 - d. Migratory fish and wildlife;
 - e. Exemplary natural communities identified by the DRED-NHB; and
 - f. Vernal pools.
- a) There were no known rare or special concern species located in the project area via NHB.
- b) There are no state or federally listed threatened or endangered species identified within the proposed project area identified by NHB. The USF&WS IPAC identified Northern Long-eared bat (NLEB). This project may require minimal tree clearing. The Department has determined that the project will not result in any prohibited take as described in the final 4(d) rule for NLEB. As for Northeastern bulrush, this species was not observed in the project area during field work and therefore not anticipated to be impacted as a result of the proposed work.
- c) There are no species known to be at the extremities of their ranges located in Shedd Brook or the surrounding area.
- d) Migratory fish and wildlife will be protected during this project under the direction of NH Fish and Game.
- e) There are no exemplary natural communities identified within the project area.
- f) There were no vernal pools identified and/or delineated within the project area.
- 8. The impact of the proposed project on public commerce, navigation and recreation.

During construction, access to the nearby residents and/or commercial businesses will be maintained at all times. Access will not normally be disrupted; but when it is, access will be maintained with at least one lane. Shedd Brook is non-navigable water which makes it non-conducive to boaters. There are no recreational areas that have been identified in this area except for the possibility for fishing. During construction fishing activities from the banks of the brook will need to occur outside of the construction work zone. When construction is completed, the project as proposed will be a benefit to the public commerce.

9. The extent to which a project interferes with the aesthetic interests of the general public. For example, where an applicant proposes the construction of a retaining wall on the bank of a lake, the applicant shall be required to indicate the type of material to be used and the effect of the construction of the wall on the view of other users of the lake.

The project will not significantly interfere with the aesthetic interests of the general public. The proposed improvements will be more pleasing to the eye than the structure in poor condition.

10. The extent to which a project interferes with or obstructs public rights of passage or access. For example, where the applicant proposes to construct a dock in a narrow channel, the applicant shall be required to document the extent to which the dock would block or interfere with the passage through this area.

The project will not interfere with or obstruct public rights of passage or access. During construction at least one lane of alternating traffic will be maintained at all times. This will ensure access to all nearby businesses and residential homes in this area.

11. The impact upon the abutting pursuant to RSA 482-A:11, II. For example, if an applicant is proposing to riprap a

stream, the applicant shall be required to document the effect of such work on upstream and downstream abutting properties.

The project is expected to have a positive impact on abutting properties. The rehabilitated structure will better serve the abutting properties if they need to travel on the road. The riprap that is being installed will prevent a washout of the structure which will better protect abutting properties.

The project as proposed will not alter the chance of flooding on abutting properties.

12. The benefit of a project to the health, safety, and well-being of the general public.

The project will provide a safer, longer lasting structure and roadway. If the structure is not rehabilitated, the bridge will eventually be load posted or closed. Keeping the roadway open benefits commerce, trade, emergency access, etc, for the general public.

13. The impact of a proposed project on quantity or quality of surface and ground water. For example, where an applicant proposes to fill wetlands the applicant shall be required to document the impact of the proposed fill on the amount of drainage entering the site versus the amount of drainage exiting the site and difference in the quality of water entering and exiting the site.

The proposed project will not significantly alter the existing surface water runoff or storm water discharge locations. Best Management Practices will be used to prevent any adverse effect to water quality during construction.

14. The potential of a proposed project to cause or increase flooding, erosion, or sedimentation.

Flooding: The structure can pass the 100 year storm event and this project will not change the hydraulic capacity. Erosion: The riprap placed around the structure will prevent erosion and preserve the natural alignment and gradient of the stream channel.

Sedimentation: Nothing that will be a barrier to sediment transport will be installed in this project. Sedimentation in the open channel will not be caused as a result of this project.

15. The extent to which a project that is located in surface waters reflects or redirects current or wave energy which might cause damage or hazards.

Surface waters will not be reflected or redirected as a result of this project. There are not enough surface waters for wave energy to be an issue.

16. The cumulative impact that would result if all parties owning or abutting a portion of the affected wetland or wetland complex were also permitted alternations to the wetland proportional to the extent of their property rights. For example, an applicant who owns only a portion of a wetland shall document the applicant's percentage ownership of that wetland and the percentage of that ownership that would be impacted.

The work consists of the repair of an existing bridge structure. There are no similar structures in the vicinity owned by other parties that would require repair.

17. The impact of the proposed project on the values and functions of the total wetland or wetland complex.

The value of the wetland as a habitat for living organisms will be unchanged. A function of the wetland is to carry water from a higher elevation to a lower elevation. This project will not interfere with that function.

18. The impact upon the value of the sites included in the latest published edition of the National Register of Natural Landmarks, or sites eligible for such publication.

This project is not located in or near any Natural Landmarks listed on the National Register.



New Hampshire Programmatic General Permit (PGP)
Appendix B - Corps Secondary Impacts Checklist
(for inland wetland/waterway fill projects in New Hampshire)

- 1. Attach any explanations to this checklist. Lack of information could delay a Corps permit determination.
- 2. All references to "work" include all work associated with the project construction and operation. Work includes filling, clearing, flooding, draining, excavation, dozing, stumping, etc.
- 3. See PGP, GC 5, regarding single and complete projects.

4. Contact the Corps at (978) 318-8832 with any questions.

1. Impaired Waters	Yes	No
1.1 Will any work occur within 1 mile upstream in the watershed of an impaired water? See		
http://des.nh.gov/organization/divisions/water/wmb/section401/impaired_waters.htm		V
to determine if there is an impaired water in the vicinity of your work area.*		Х
2. Wetlands	Yes	No
2.1 Are there are streams, brooks, rivers, ponds, or lakes within 200 feet of any proposed work?	X	
2.2 Are there proposed impacts to SAS, shellfish beds, special wetlands and vernal pools (see		
PGP, GC 26 and Appendix A)? Applicants may obtain information from the NH Department of		
Resources and Economic Development Natural Heritage Bureau (NHB) website,		
www.nhnaturalheritage.org, specifically the book Natural Community Systems of New		Χ
Hampshire.		/\
2.3 If wetland crossings are proposed, are they adequately designed to maintain hydrology,	V	
sediment transport & wildlife passage?	Χ	
2.4 Would the project remove part or all of a riparian buffer? (Riparian buffers are lands adjacent		
to streams where vegetation is strongly influenced by the presence of water. They are often thin		
lines of vegetation containing native grasses, flowers, shrubs and/or trees that line the stream	Χ	
banks. They are also called vegetated buffer zones.)	^	
2.5 The overall project site is more than 40 acres.		X
2.6 What is the size of the existing impervious surface area?	11	1 Ar
2.7 What is the size of the proposed impervious surface area?	211	ZEM
2.8 What is the % of the impervious area (new and existing) to the overall project site?	14	
3. Wildlife	Yes	No
3.1 Has the NHB determined that there are known occurrences of rare species, exemplary natural		
communities, Federal and State threatened and endangered species and habitat, in the vicinity of		V
the proposed project? (All projects require a NHB determination.)		X
3.2 Would work occur in any area identified as either "Highest Ranked Habitat in N.H." or		
"Highest Ranked Habitat in Ecological Region"? (These areas are colored magenta and green,		
respectively, on NH Fish and Game's map, "2010 Highest Ranked Wildlife Habitat by Ecological		
Condition.") Map information can be found at:		
• PDF: www.wildlife.state.nh.us/Wildlife/Wildlife_Plan/highest_ranking_habitat.htm.		
• Data Mapper: www.granit.unh.edu.		
• GIS: www.granit.unh.edu/data/downloadfreedata/category/databycategory.html.		X

3.3 Would the project impact more than 20 acres of an undeveloped land block (upland, wetland/waterway) on the entire project site and/or on an adjoining property(s)?		X
3.4 Does the project propose more than a 10-lot residential subdivision, or a commercial or industrial development?		Χ
3.5 Are stream crossings designed in accordance with the PGP, GC 21?	X	
4. Flooding/Floodplain Values	Yes	No
4.1 Is the proposed project within the 100-year floodplain of an adjacent river or stream?		X
4.2 If 4.1 is yes, will compensatory flood storage be provided if the project results in a loss of flood storage?		NA
5. Historic/Archaeological Resources		
For a minor or major impact project - a copy of the Request for Project Review (RPR) Form (www.nh.gov/nhdhr/review) shall be sent to the NH Division of Historical Resources as required on Page 5 of the PGP**		NA

^{*}Although this checklist utilizes state information, its submittal to the Corps is a Federal requirement.

** If project is not within Federal jurisdiction, coordination with NH DHR is not required under Federal law...



THE STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION BUREAU OF BRIDGE MAINTENANCE

7 Hazen Drive, PO Box 483, Concord, NH 03302-0095 Phone: (603) 271-3667 Fax: (603) 271-1588



WETLANDS PERMIT APPLICATION – ATTACHMENT C Stream Crossing Requirements & Information

Env-Wt 904.09(a) – If the applicant believes that installing the structure specified in the applicable rule is not practicable then the applicant may propose an alternative design in accordance with this section.

1. Please explain why the structure specified in the applicable rule is not practicable (Env-Wt 101.69 defines practicable as "available and capable of being done after taking into consideration costs, existing technology, and logistics in light of overall project purposes") (question 2, Attachment A, Minor and Major 20 Questions);

Shedd Brook has a drainage area of 2.2 square miles which qualifies this stream as a Tier 3 Crossing. The required span based on the NH Stream Crossing Guidelines for a new crossing 24'-0". A structure of this size would typically cost approximately \$500,000. Spending this much money on a structure that could be adequately preserved for approximately \$175,000 would not be a practicable use of resources. There would be a significant increase in wetland impacts if a structure of this size were installed due to the additional footprint and for construction.

- 2. Please explain how the proposed alternative meets the specific design criteria for Tier 2 and Tier 3 crossings to the maximum extent practicable. Env-Wt 904.05 Design Criteria for Tier 2 and Tier 3 Stream Crossings New Tier 2 stream crossings, replacement Tier 2 crossings that do not meet the requirements of Env-Wt 904.07, and new and replacement Tier 3 crossings shall be designed and constructed...
- ...In accordance with the NH Stream Crossing Guidelines:

The NH Stream Crossing Guidelines do not mention maintenance to a structure in a Tier 3 watershed.

The proposed structure will match the existing slope and alignment.

The bottom of the existing structure is currently a natural bottom and it will not be changed as a result of this project.

Wildlife passage through the proposed structure will be no different than through the existing structure.

The proposed structure will maintain the flow depths found in the existing structure.

The proposed structure is expected to be able to pass the 100 year flood event.

...With bed forms and streambed characteristics necessary to cause water depths and velocities within the crossing structure at a variety of flows to be comparable to those found in the natural channel upstream and downstream of the stream crossing:

Water depths and velocities within the crossing at a variety of flows will be comparable to the existing depths and velocities. These flows are comparable to those found in the natural channel upstream and downstream of the stream crossing.

...To provide a vegetated bank on both sides of the watercourse to allow for wildlife passage:

It is not possible to provide vegetated banks on both sides of the watercourse below the roadway, regardless of the type of structure installed. Wildlife passage for the proposed structure will be the same is it is with the existing structure.

...To preserve the natural alignment and gradient of the stream channel, so as to accommodate natural flow regimes and the function of the natural floodplain (questions 14 and 15, Attachment A, Minor and Major 20 Questions);

The natural alignment and gradient of the stream channel will not be altered as a result of this project. The structure can pass the 100 year storm event and this project will not change the hydraulic capacity. Surface waters will not be reflected or redirected as a result of this project.

... To accommodate the 100-year frequency flood and to ensure that there is no increase in flood stages on abutting properties (questions 11 and 14, Attachment A, Minor and Major 20 Questions):

The deck replacement, substructure repair and the riprap will not increase the potential of flooding. The structure can pass the 100 year storm event and this project will not change the hydraulic capacity.

The project as proposed will not alter the chance of flooding on abutting properties.

...To simulate a natural stream channel:

The riprap will silt in overtime and will match the natural channel. A portion of the channel will not have riprap installed.

... So as not to alter sediment transport competence (question 14, Attachment A, Minor and Major 20 Questions):

Nothing that will be a barrier to sediment transport will be installed in this project.

Env-Wt 904.09(c)(3) - The alternative design must meet the general design criteria specified in Env-Wt 904.01:

(a) Not be a barrier to sediment transport (question 14, Attachment A, Minor and Major 20 Questions);

Nothing that will be a barrier to sediment transport will be installed in this project.

(b) Prevent the restriction of high flows and maintain existing low flows (question 14, Attachment A, Minor and Major 20 Questions);

The structure rehab will not alter the existing high and low flows.

(c) Not obstruct or otherwise substantially disrupt the movement of aquatic life indigenous to the water body beyond the actual duration of construction (question 7, Attachment A, Minor and Major 20 Questions);

The structure will provide the same degree of aquatic passage as the existing structure.

(d) Not cause an increase in the frequency of flooding or overtopping of banks (question 14, Attachment A, Minor and Major 20 Questions);

The structure rehab and the riprap will not increase the potential of flooding. The structure can pass the 100 year storm event and this project will not change the hydraulic capacity. The project as proposed will not alter the chance of flooding on abutting properties.

(e) Preserve watercourse connectivity where it currently exists (question 15, Attachment A, Minor and Major 20 Questions);

Connectivity will remain unchanged and will not be worsened with the proposed structure.

(f) Restore watercourse connectivity where...

...connectivity previously was disrupted as a result of human activity(ies) (question 15, Attachment A, Minor and Major 20 Questions);

Connectivity will remain unchanged and will not be worsened with the proposed structure.

Project # 29761, Bridge # 177/046 Washington, NH, Rte. 31 over Shedd Brook

...restoration of connectivity will benefit aquatic life upstream or downstream of the crossing (question 15, Attachment A, Minor and Major 20 Questions);

Aquatic life upstream and downstream will not be affected as a result of this project.

(g) Not cause erosion, aggradation, or scouring upstream or downstream of the crossing (question 14, Attachment A, Minor and Major 20 Questions);

The riprap placed around the structure will prevent erosion and preserve the natural alignment and gradient of the stream channel.

Nothing that will be a barrier to sediment transport will be installed in this project.

(h) Not cause water quality degradation (question 13, Attachment A, Minor and Major 20 Questions).

The project as proposed will not impact the quantity or quality of surface and/or groundwater at this site. Best Management Practices will be used to prevent any adverse effect to water quality during construction.

Hydraulic Data

Drainage Area - 2.2 sq mi

Q 100 = 462 cfs

Outlet Velocity = 4 fps at Q 100

At the 100 year flood, the proposed structure will pass all flow exiting the existing structure.

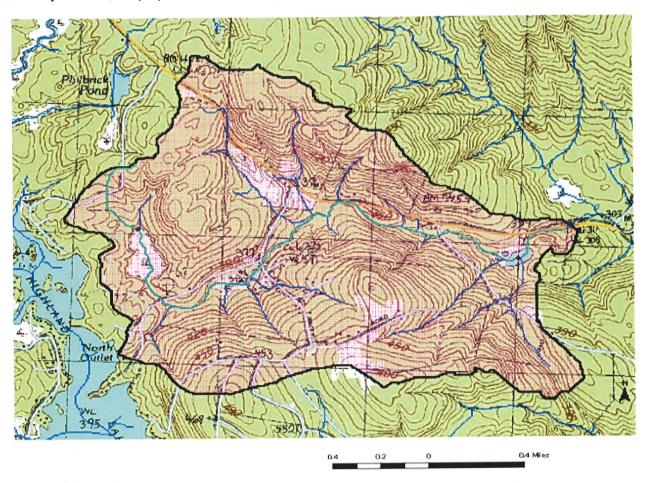


Figure 9: Watershed

PART Env-Wt 404 CRITERIA FOR SHORELINE STABILIZATION

The rehabilitation of the bridge that carries NH Rte. 31 over Shedd Brook proposes the placement of stone fill within areas under the jurisdiction of the NH Wetlands Bureau and the US Army Corps of Engineers. The stone fill will be located in the channel and along the bank of the proposed structure as shown on the plans.

Pursuant to PART Wt 404 Criteria for Shoreline Stabilization, the following addresses each codified section of the Administrative Rules:

Wt 404.01 Least Intrusive Method

The riverbank stabilization treatment proposed is the least intrusive construction method necessary to minimize the disruption to the existing shorelines. The stone treatment can be reasonably constructed utilizing general highway construction methods.

Wt 404.02 Diversion of Water

Proposed roadway drainage will allow storm water run-off to be diverted so that it will flow over vegetated areas, insofar as possible, prior to entering Shedd Brook. This will minimize erosion of the shoreline.

Wt 404.03 Vegetative Stabilization

Natural vegetation will be left undisturbed to the maximum extent possible. The only locations being disturbed are the impacted areas on the plan for construction. All newly developed slopes and disturbed areas will have humus and seed applied for turf establishment, which will help stabilize the project area.

Wt 404.04 Rip-Rap

- (a) Stone fill, as proposed, is shown on the attached plans to protect the channel and bank as necessary. Stable embankments are necessary to maintain the structural integrity of the bridge during all flow conditions.
- (b) (1-5) The minimum and maximum stone size, the gradation, cross sections of the stone fill, proposed location, and other details have been provided on the attached plans. Bedding for the stone fill will consist of natural ground excavated to the proposed underside of the stone fill.
- (b) (6) Enclosed are plan sheets to sufficiently indicate the relationship of the project to fixed points of reference, abutting properties, and features of the natural shoreline.
- (b) (7) Stone fill is recommended for the limits shown on the attached plans to protect the banks from erosion during flood flows, from scour during all flows, and slopes greater than 2:1 have difficulty supporting vegetation.
- (c) This project is not located adjacent to a great pond or water body where the state holds fee simple ownership.
- (d) Stone fill is proposed to extend down to and adequately keyed into the channel bottom to prevent possible undermining of the slope.
- (e) The enclosed plan has been stamped by a professional engineer.

To:

Tony Weatherbee

7 Házen Drive Concord, NH 03302

From: NH Natural Heritage Bureau

Re:

Review by NH Natural Heritage Bureau of request dated 6/17/2015

NHB File ID: NHB15-2029

Applicant: Tony Weatherbee

Date: 6/17/2015

Location:

Tax Map(s)/Lot(s):

Washington

Project Description:

Rehab the bridge that carries NH Rte. 31 over Shedd Brook (174/146). The existing structure is concrete slab bridge that has a 10'-0" clear span and a 28'-4" deck width. Proposed work consists of replacing the concrete deck, repairing the concrete substructure and toewall, and

placing riprap.

The NH Natural Heritage database has been checked for records of rare species and exemplary natural communities near the area mapped below. The species considered include those listed as Threatened or Endangered by either the state of New Hampshire or the federal government. We currently have no recorded occurrences for sensitive species near this project area.

A negative result (no record in our database) does not mean that a sensitive species is not present. Our data can only tell you of known occurrences, based on information gathered by qualified biologists and reported to our office. However, many areas have never been surveyed, or have only been surveyed for certain species. An on-site survey would provide better information on what species and communities are indeed present.

This report is valid through 6/16/2016.

MAP OF PROJECT BOUNDARIES FOR NHB FILE ID: NHB15-2029



Wetland Application - NHDOT Cultural Resources Review

For the purpose of compliance with regulations of the National Historic Preservation Act, the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation's *Procedures for the Protection of Historic Properties* (36 CFR 800), the US Army Corps of Engineers' *Appendix C*, and/or state regulation RSA 227-C:9, *Directive for Cooperation in the Protection of Historic Resources*, the NHDOT Cultural Resources Program has reviewed the enclosed Standard Dredge and Fill Application for potential impacts to historic properties.

At Company of the Adams of the	
Above Ground Review RT 31 over Shedd Brook	and the second of the second o
Known/approximate age of structure: 1928/1980 Concrete Slab Bridge 177/046; 10' span and 28 concrete deck, repair concrete substructure and toewalls, wingwalls. Some impacts for temporary construction access embankment, substructure facing and riprap. Deck to be r toewalls will be repaired in place. Structure will match exist alignment and gradient of stream channel will not be alternative.	place riprap in front of abutments and is adjacent to structure set in filled replaced in kind, and substructure and string slope and alignment. Natural
☑ No Potential to Cause Effect/No Concerns	
Less than 50 years old	
☐ Concerns:	
Below Ground Review	
Recorded Archaeological site: ☐Yes ☐No	
Nearest Recorded Archaeological Site Name & Number: 27 □ Pre-Contact □ Post-Contact	7-HB-0348 Hartwell Saw Grist Mill
Distance from Project Area: 4.842 miles (7.793 k) east of project area	
☑ No Potential to Cause Effect/No Concerns Impacts lie predominantly in previously impacted, filled, and/o or previously impacted. Output Description: Descriptio	or eroded zones
☐ Concerns:	
Reviewed by:	
Speica Charles	2/11/2016
NHDOT Cultural Resources Staff	Date:



Figure 1: NH Rte. 31 over structure looking towards Windsor (8/2013).



Figure 2: NH Rte. 31 over structure looking towards Goshen (8/2013).



Figure 3: Wingwall to be faced (8/2013).

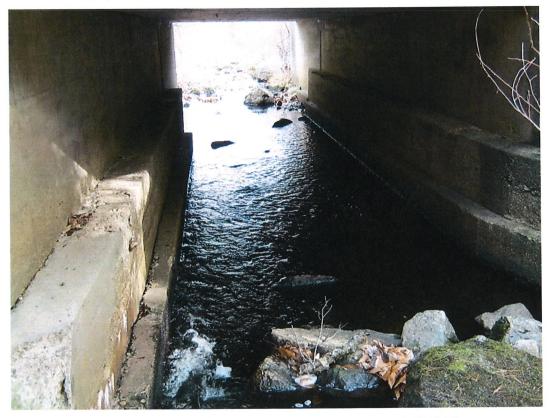


Figure 4: Substructure and toewalls to be repaired (8/2013).



Figure 5: Concrete deck to be replaced (8/2013).



Figure 6: Looking downstream from structure (8/2013).



Figure 7: Looking upstream (8/2013).



Figure 8: Elevation of structure looking upstream (8/2013).

